

MTH 203: Groups and Symmetry

Homework IV

(Due on the day of the midterm)

Problems for submission

- Let G be a group and $H < G$.
 - Show that the set $\bigcap_{g \in G} gHg^{-1} \triangleleft G$.
 - Consider the set $C_G(H) = \{g \in G \mid gh = hg, \forall h \in H\}$ called the *centralizer of H in G* . Show that $C_G(H) < G$.
 - Consider the set $N_G(H) = \{g \in G \mid gHg^{-1} = H\}$ called the *normalizer of H in G* . Show that $C_G(H) < G$.
 - Show that $C_G(H) \triangleleft N_G(H)$. Moreover, when $H \cong \mathbb{Z}_n$, show that

$$N_G(H)/C_G(H) \cong K,$$

where $K < \mathbb{Z}_n^\times$.

Problems for practice

- Establish the assertions in 3.2 (ix), 3.3 (ii), 3.3 (v), and 3.3 (vi) of the Lesson Plan.
- Verify the First Isomorphism Theorem for the homomorphisms in 3.2 (ii) (f) & (g) of the Lesson Plan.
- Classify all homomorphisms from:
 - $\mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$.
 - $\mathbb{Z}_m \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_n$
 - $\mathbb{Z}_m \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$
 - $\mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_n$
- Let $G = D_{2n}$, for $n \geq 3$. Let $H = \langle r^k \rangle$, for $1 \leq k \leq n-1$, and let $K = \langle s \rangle$, where s is any reflection.
 - Is $H, K \triangleleft G$? Explain why, or why not.
 - Compute $Z(G)$.
 - Compute $N_G(H)$, $N_G(K)$, $C_G(H)$, and $C_G(K)$.
- Let G be a group, $H < G$, and $N \triangleleft G$. Then show that:
 - $NH < G$. (NH is called the *internal direct product* of N and H .)
 - $H \cap N \triangleleft H$.
 - $N \triangleleft HN$.
 - If $H \triangleleft G$, then $NH \triangleleft G$.
 - If $o(a)$ is finite for some $a \in G$, then $o(Na) \mid o(a)$.
- Let G be a group, and $H < G$. Then prove that:

- (a) $N_G(H) < G$.
- (b) $H \triangleleft N_G(H)$.
- (c) $N_G(H)$ is the largest subgroup in which H is normal.
- (d) $H \triangleleft G$ if, and only if $N_G(H) = G$.

7. For a group G , consider the subset

$$[G, G] = \{ghg^{-1}h^{-1} : g, h \in G.\}$$

- (a) Show that $[G, G] \triangleleft G$.
- (b) Show that $G/[G, G]$ is abelian.